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## SANITARY REPORTS FROM OTHER PORTS.

## BARBADOS.

*Quarantine information.*

BARBADOS, August 5, 1899.

SIR: My last circular report was dated the 8th ultimo, since when I have to report as follows:

*Antigua.*—The quarantine there against Porto Rico was taken off on June 29 last. Quarantine is in force against Bahia, Cuba, La Guayra, Manaos, Panama, Para, Puerto Cabello, Rio Janeiro, Santos, and Valencia.

*Barbados.*—There is nothing locally to report; the health of the colony is good. The only places against which quarantine is in force are Bahia, Panama, Para, and Rio Janeiro.

*British Guiana.*—Quarantine is in force there against Brazil, Cuba, Hayti, and Panama; and arrivals from Venezuela and Calcutta are quarantined for examination by the health officer.

*Dominica.*—No report received.

*Dutch Guiana.*—No report received.

*French Guiana.*—No report received.

*Grenada.*—Quarantine is in force there against Bahia, Colon, Para, and Rio Janeiro.

*Guadeloupe.*—Quarantine is in force there against Colon, Grand Bassam, and Réunion. The following incubation periods have been fixed, viz, for cholera, seven days; smallpox, eleven days, and yellow fever, nine days.

*Jamaica.*—Quarantine is in force there against Brazil, Cuba, Porto Rico, Venezuela, and the coast of Costa Rica and Panama between and inclusive of Points Carreta and Rincon. Vessels from Colon are treated as "suspect," and dealt with by the board after considering the health officer's report. Vessels having on board passengers in transit from the Pacific are only admitted to pratique if, on receipt of the health officer's report, the quarantine board is satisfied that the persons did not stop at Panama, but made the journey to Colon direct by train.

*Martinique.*—Quarantine is in force there against India, Egypt, and Réunion for plague, and against Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Colon, Grand Bassam, and Mexico for yellow fever.

*Panama.*—The public telegram on the 1st instant reported that there had been up to the 26th ultimo 88 cases of yellow fever, of which 45 died, 42 recovered, and 1 was under treatment.

*Para.*—Her Majesty's consul there reports 19 deaths in June from yellow fever.

PONCE—*Porto Rico.*—Surg. C. H. Lavinder, the United States quarantine officer there, wrote on the 12th ultimo to Her Majesty's consul there, that "the general health of this place is good, and I am issuing clean bills of health to all vessels sailing from here. Further, no cases of smallpox have occurred either in the port or city for many weeks, and there is no suspicion of yellow fever."

*St. Lucia.*—Quarantine is in force there against Bahia, Panama, Para, Pernambuco, and Rio Janeiro.

The reports kindly forwarded by the chairman of the quarantine board give the following particulars:

*Bahia.*—For the fourteen days prior to July 5, 65 cases, 31 deaths, yellow fever.

*Pernambuco.*—For the fourteen days prior to July 7, clean bill of health.

*Rio Janeiro.*—For the fourteen days prior to July 1, 46 cases, 33 deaths, yellow fever; 11 deaths, smallpox. For the fourteen days prior to July 20, 77 cases; 44 deaths, smallpox; 8 deaths, yellow fever.

*Santos.*—For the twenty-eight days prior to July 13, clean bill of health.

*St. Thomas.*—Five days' quarantine has been imposed there against Colon and Panama, and quarantine is also in force against Bahia, Cuba, Para, Tampico, and Vera Cruz.

*St. Vincent.*—No report received.

*Trinidad.*—No report received.

Respectfully, yours,

JAS. SANDERSON,  
*Clerk, Quarantine Board.*

CHINA.

*Plague in Amoy.*

CONSULATE OF THE UNITED STATES,  
*Amoy, China, June 17, 1899.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that on the 16th of the present month I wired the Department as follows: "AMOY, *June 16, 1899*—SECRETARY OF STATE, *Washington*: Plague—Johnson," which I now confirm.

With the recurrence of the rainy season, bubonic plague appeared the first week in June, but until within a few days was not thought to be epidemic. No records being kept by the native officials, the number of cases can not be accurately stated, but for several days the deaths have probably averaged about 40 daily.

I also cabled the existence of the epidemic to Governor-General Otis, at Manila, and he wired me in return to request Chinese authorities to issue no passports to Chinese residents of Manila seeking to return while the infection lasts. This I have done, at the same time circulating a notice that I would visé no passports until the health of the port improves.

Respectfully, yours,

A. B. JOHNSON,  
*United States Consul.*

The honorable the ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

*As to declaring Foochow an infected port.*

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES,  
*Foochow, China, July 3, 1899.*

SIR: *In re* declaration of infection of port by Shanghai consular body, I have the honor to inclose herewith a copy of a dispatch sent this day to the Viceroy of Minche, which is self explanatory.

Respectfully, yours,

SAMUEL L. GRACEY,  
*United States Consul.*

The honorable the ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.